

Nr.	Items	Score	
		1	2
1	<p>Complete the blank space of the proposed sentences:</p> <p>1) Name of the chemical element that has the spread of electrons on energetic levels <math>2\bar{e} 8\bar{e} 5\bar{e}</math> is ..... and shows in the compounds the maximum valency ..... and minimum valency .....</p> <p>2) The atom of the chemical element with atomic number 19 contains in its nucleus ..... protons and ..... neutrons.</p> <p>3) The volatile compound of sulfur with hydrogen has the formula ..... and is called .....</p> <p>4) In the line Be – Mg – Ca, the metallic properties.....</p> <p>5) The element with nucleus charge +13 forms higher hydroxide with the formula .....</p> <p>6) The element that forms higher oxide with the composition <math>E_2O_7</math> is called .....</p>	L 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	L 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
2	<p>Fireworks are a traditional part of many holidays, which produce bright and sound effects. They include many chemicals as follows: S, <math>CaCl_2</math>, C, Mg.</p> <p><b>I.</b> Write in the blank space to the right of the formulas of substances used in fireworks, the appropriate type of chemical bond:</p> <p>1. S .....</p> <p>2. <math>CaCl_2</math> .....</p> <p>3. C .....</p> <p>4. Mg .....</p> <p><b>II.</b> Select and write in the space reserved the formula of a substance from the above proposed, appropriate to characteristic:</p> <p>a) The substance conducts electricity well .....</p> <p>b) It is a solid yellow substance .....</p> <p>c) The substance dissolves well in water .....</p> <p>d) The substance is used to reduce metal oxides .....</p>	L 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	L 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
3	<p><i>Zinc oxide</i> is used in medical cosmetics, because it has anti-inflammatory and antiseptic effects.</p> <p><b>I.</b> Complete the reaction schemes which characterize the chemical properties of <i>zinc oxide</i>, with the formulas of the substances and the appropriate coefficients:</p> <p>a) <math>ZnO + HNO_3 \rightarrow</math> _____</p> <p>b) <math>ZnO + Al \rightarrow</math> _____</p> <p><b>II.</b> Write the reaction equation of obtaining of <i>zinc oxide</i>, according to the schemes:</p> <p>a) <i>metal + oxygen</i> _____</p> <p>b) <i>decomposition of zinc hydroxide</i> _____</p>	L 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	L 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

		L 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7												
4	<p>In the textile industry, <i>sodium hydroxide</i> is used to treat cotton to give it a silky sheen. One of the methods for obtaining sodium hydroxide is according to the equation reaction:</p> $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3 + \text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2 = 2\text{NaOH} + \text{CaCO}_3\downarrow - Q$ <p><b>I.</b> Characterize this reaction according to the proposed criteria by filling in the blank spaces of the table:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>No.</th> <th>Criteria</th> <th>Type of reaction</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>The thermal effect</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Direction of the reaction</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>Composition and number of reactants and products</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>II.</b> Complete the reaction schemes that characterize the chemical properties of <i>sodium hydroxide</i> with the corresponding formulas and coefficients:</p> <p>a) <math>\text{NaOH} + \text{Cu}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}</math></p> <p>b) <math>\text{NaOH} + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}</math></p>	No.	Criteria	Type of reaction	1	The thermal effect		2	Direction of the reaction		3	Composition and number of reactants and products		
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5	<p><i>Magnesium chloride</i> is the main ingredient in «nigari», a concentrated salt solution used to coagulate soy milk into tofu.</p> <p><b>Solve the problem.</b> Calculate the weight of magnesium chloride, obtained at the interaction of magnesium with the weight of 2,4 g with hydrochloric acid, if the reaction proceeds according to the scheme:</p> $\text{Mg} + \text{HCl} \rightarrow \text{MgCl}_2 + \text{H}_2\uparrow \text{ (establish and write coefficients!)}$ <p><i>It is given:</i></p> <p><i>Solution:</i></p> <hr/> <p><i>Answer:</i> _____</p>	L 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8												

6	Circle the letter <b>T</b> , if the statement is true and the letter <b>F</b> , if it is false.		<table border="1" style="float: right; margin-left: 10px;"> <tr><td>L</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td></tr> </table>	L	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
L														
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7														
1) <b>T F</b> The number of electrons in the electronic shell of the atom coincides numerically with the number of neutrons in the nucleus.	<b>T</b>													
2) <b>T F</b> Salts of sulphuric acid are called sulphates.	<b>F</b>													
3) <b>T F</b> The oxygen that has the amount of 2 mol of substance normally occupies a volume of 44.8 l.	<b>T</b>													
4) <b>T F</b> Cast iron and steel are alloys of iron and carbon.	<b>T</b>													
5) <b>T F</b> Alkaline bases dissociate into solutions in metal cations and acid rest anions.	<b>T</b>													
6) <b>T F</b> In acid solutions pH < 7.	<b>T</b>													
7) <b>T F</b> 200 g of a solution and a mass fraction of 20% of the dissolved substance contains 40 g of a substance.	<b>T</b>													
7	<i>Aluminum phosphate</i> is used to obtain special optical glasses.		<table border="1" style="float: right; margin-left: 10px;"> <tr><td>L</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td></tr> <tr><td>9</td></tr> </table>	L	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
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<b>I.</b> Fill in the blank spaces of the table below with the chemical formulas and the names of the soluble salts, at the interaction of which the <i>aluminum phosphate</i> is formed:														
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>No.</th> <th>Ions</th> <th>Chemical formula of a soluble salt</th> <th>Name of salt</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Al<sup>3+</sup></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>PO<sub>4</sub><sup>3-</sup></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			No.	Ions	Chemical formula of a soluble salt	Name of salt	1	Al <sup>3+</sup>			2	PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>		
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2	PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>													
<b>II.</b> Write the equation of the obtaining reaction of the <i>aluminum phosphate</i> in molecular form (ME), completed ionic (CIE) and reduced ionic (RIE), using the solubility table and the formulas of the composed salts:														
(ME)														
(CIE)														
(RIE)														
8	Choose and write in the space reserved, the word from the brackets that correctly completes each of the statements:		<table border="1" style="float: right; margin-left: 10px;"> <tr><td>L</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td></tr> </table>	L	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
L														
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1) The general formula of saturated monoalcohols is ..... (C <sub>n</sub> H <sub>2n+1</sub> COOH / C <sub>n</sub> H <sub>2n+1</sub> OH)														
2) Ester are substances ..... (odorless / with a specific odor)														
3) Synthetic rubbers are obtained by polymerization of..... (alkanes/ alcadienes)														
4) Polyalcohols are identified with ..... ( copper( II ) hydroxide / bromine water )														
5) Aminopropanoic acid is also called..... ( glycine / alanine )														
6) Animal fats are mostly..... ( solids / liquids )														
7) The carbon hydrate that is subject to hydrolysis is..... ( sucrose / glucose )														
8) Alkanes are characteristic of .....reactions. ( substitution / addition )														

L
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7
8
9

- 9** Alkynes, which contain five carbon atoms, are raw materials for the production of synthetic rubbers.  
It is proposed the alkyne:  $\text{CH}\equiv\text{C}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_3$

*For this alkyne:*

**I.** Write the name according to the systematic nomenclature: \_\_\_\_\_

**II.** Write the molecular formula of the substance and the general formula of the homologous series:

### *molecular formula*

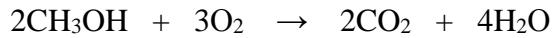
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*formula of the homologous series*

**III.** Complete the blank spaces of the table:

	<i>Structural semi-developed formula</i>	<i>Name</i>
Chain isomer		
Triple bond position isomer		
Homologue		

- 10** Due to its high octane number, methanol is used as fuel for motorcycles and racing cars.  
**Solve the problem.** Calculate the volume of oxygen (STP) required for burning methanol with a weight of 6,4 g, if the reaction proceeds according to the following scheme:



*It is given:*

*Solution:*

L	L
0	0
1	1
2	2
3	3
4	4
5	5
6	6

*Answer:*

11	<p><b>I.</b> For each substance in column <b>A</b> select a possible reagent in column <b>B</b> and indicate the corresponding letter in the space reserved:</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: center; width: 50%;">A</th> <th style="text-align: center; width: 50%;">B</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;">1) ..... HCOOH</td> <td style="padding-left: 20px;">a) NaOH</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;">2) ..... CH<sub>3</sub>COOC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub></td> <td style="padding-left: 20px;">b) Cl<sub>2</sub></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;">3) ..... CH<sub>2</sub>=CH-CH<sub>3</sub></td> <td style="padding-left: 20px;">c) HOH</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>II.</b> Write the equations of chemical reactions for the chosen interactions:</p> <p>1. _____</p> <p>2. _____</p> <p>3. _____</p>	A	B	1) ..... HCOOH	a) NaOH	2) ..... CH <sub>3</sub> COOC <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	b) Cl <sub>2</sub>	3) ..... CH <sub>2</sub> =CH-CH <sub>3</sub>	c) HOH	<table border="1" style="margin: auto;"> <tr><td>L</td><td>L</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>3</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>4</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>6</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>7</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td><td>8</td></tr> <tr><td>9</td><td>9</td></tr> </table>	L	L	0	0	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5	6	6	7	7	8	8	9	9																
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12	<p><b>I.</b> Complete the blank spaces of the table with the structural semi-developed formulas and the names of the organic substances corresponding to the characteristics:</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: center; width: 10%;">No.</th> <th style="text-align: center; width: 30%;">Characteristic of substance</th> <th style="text-align: center; width: 30%;">Structural semi-developed formula</th> <th style="text-align: center; width: 30%;">Name of the substance</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> <td style="padding-left: 10px;">It is a food spice</td> <td style="height: 40px;"></td> <td style="height: 40px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">2</td> <td style="padding-left: 10px;">It refers to aromatic hydrocarbons</td> <td style="height: 40px;"></td> <td style="height: 40px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">3</td> <td style="padding-left: 10px;">Corresponds to the general formula C<sub>n</sub>H<sub>2n</sub>O</td> <td style="height: 40px;"></td> <td style="height: 40px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">4</td> <td style="padding-left: 10px;">It is used to obtain polyethylene</td> <td style="height: 40px;"></td> <td style="height: 40px;"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>II.</b> Write for one of the substances in the table:</p> <p>a) a physical property:</p> <hr/> <p>b) the equation of the obtaining reaction:</p> <hr/>	No.	Characteristic of substance	Structural semi-developed formula	Name of the substance	1	It is a food spice			2	It refers to aromatic hydrocarbons			3	Corresponds to the general formula C <sub>n</sub> H <sub>2n</sub> O			4	It is used to obtain polyethylene			<table border="1" style="margin: auto;"> <tr><td>L</td><td>L</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>3</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>4</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>6</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>7</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td><td>8</td></tr> <tr><td>9</td><td>9</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>10</td></tr> <tr><td>11</td><td>11</td></tr> </table>	L	L	0	0	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5	6	6	7	7	8	8	9	9	10	10	11	11
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## SISTEMUL PERIODIC AL ELEMENTELOR CHIMICE

	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII		
1	<b>1</b> <b>H</b> Hidrogen 1,0079							<b>2</b> Heliu <b>He</b> 4,0026		
2	<b>3</b> <b>Li</b> Lituu 6,941	<b>4</b> <b>Be</b> Beriliu 9,01218	<b>5</b> <b>B</b> Bor 10,81	<b>6</b> <b>C</b> Carbon 12,011	<b>7</b> <b>N</b> Azot 14,0067	<b>8</b> <b>O</b> Oxigen 15,9994	<b>9</b> <b>F</b> Fluor 18,9984	<b>10</b> Neon <b>Ne</b> 20,179		
3	<b>11</b> <b>Na</b> Sodiu 22,98977	<b>12</b> <b>Mg</b> Magneziu 24,305	<b>13</b> <b>Al</b> Aluminiu 26,98154	<b>14</b> <b>Si</b> Siliciu 28,0855	<b>15</b> <b>P</b> Fosfor 30,97376	<b>16</b> <b>S</b> Sulf 32,06	<b>17</b> <b>Cl</b> Clor 35,453	<b>18</b> Argon <b>Ar</b> 39,948		
4	<b>19</b> <b>K</b> Potasiu 39,0983	<b>20</b> <b>Ca</b> Calciu 40,08	<b>21</b> <b>Sc</b> Scandiu 44,9559	<b>22</b> <b>Ti</b> Titan 47,88	<b>23</b> <b>V</b> Vanadiu 50,9415	<b>24</b> <b>Cr</b> Crom 51,996	<b>25</b> <b>Mn</b> Mangan 54,938	<b>26</b> <b>Fe</b> Fier 55,847	<b>27</b> <b>Co</b> Cobalt 58,9332	<b>28</b> <b>Ni</b> Nichel 58,69
5	<b>29</b> <b>Rb</b> Cupru 63,546	<b>30</b> <b>Zn</b> Zinc 65,38	<b>31</b> <b>Ga</b> Galiu 69,72	<b>32</b> <b>Ge</b> Germaniu 72,59	<b>33</b> <b>As</b> Arsen 74,9216	<b>34</b> <b>Se</b> Seleniu 78,96	<b>35</b> <b>Br</b> Brom 79,904	<b>36</b> Kripton <b>Kr</b> 83,80		
6	<b>37</b> <b>Rb</b> Rubidiu 85,4678	<b>38</b> <b>Sr</b> Stronțiu 87,62	<b>39</b> <b>Y</b> Ytriu 88,9059	<b>40</b> <b>Zr</b> Zirconiu 91,22	<b>41</b> <b>Nb</b> Niobiu 92,9064	<b>42</b> <b>Mo</b> Molibden 95,94	<b>43</b> <b>Tc</b> Tehnetiu [98]	<b>44</b> <b>Ru</b> Ruteniu 101,07	<b>45</b> <b>Rh</b> Rodiu 102,9055	<b>46</b> <b>Pd</b> Paladiu 106,42
7	<b>47</b> <b>Ag</b> Argint 107,868	<b>48</b> <b>Cd</b> Cadmiu 112,41	<b>49</b> <b>In</b> Indiu 114,82	<b>50</b> <b>Sn</b> Staniiu 118,69	<b>51</b> <b>Sb</b> Stibiu 121,75	<b>52</b> <b>Te</b> Telur 127,60	<b>53</b> <b>I</b> Iod 126,9045	<b>54</b> Xenon <b>Xe</b> 131,29		
8	<b>55</b> <b>Cs</b> Ceziu 132,9054	<b>56</b> <b>Ba</b> Bariu 137,33	<b>57*</b> <b>La</b> Lantan 138,9055	<b>72</b> <b>Hf</b> Hafniu 178,49	<b>73</b> <b>Ta</b> Tantal 180,948	<b>74</b> <b>W</b> Volfram 183,85	<b>75</b> <b>Re</b> Reniu 186,207	<b>76</b> <b>Os</b> Osmiu 190,2	<b>77</b> <b>Ir</b> Iridiu 192,22	<b>78</b> <b>Pt</b> Platina 195,08
9	<b>79</b> <b>Au</b> Aur 196,9665	<b>80</b> <b>Hg</b> Mercur 200,59	<b>81</b> <b>Tl</b> Taliu 204,383	<b>82</b> <b>Pb</b> Plumb 207,2	<b>83</b> <b>Bi</b> Bismut 208,9804	<b>84</b> <b>Po</b> Poloniu [209]	<b>85</b> <b>At</b> Astatiniu [210]	<b>86</b> Radon <b>Rn</b> [222]		
10	<b>87</b> <b>Fr</b> Franciu [223]	<b>88</b> <b>Ra</b> Radiu 226,0254	<b>89**</b> <b>Ac</b> Actiniu [261]	<b>104</b> <b>Rf</b> Rutherfordium [262]	<b>105</b> <b>Dubnium</b> [263]	<b>106</b> <b>Sg</b> Seaborgium [263]	<b>107</b> <b>Bh</b> Bohrium [262]	<b>108</b> <b>Hs</b> Hassium [267,13]	<b>109</b> <b>Mt</b> Meitnerium [268,14]	<b>110</b> <b>Ds</b> Darmstadtium [281]

\*Lantanide

58 Ce Ceriu 140,12	59 Pr Praseodim 140,9077	60 Nd Neodim 144,24	61 Pm Prometiu [145]	62 Sm Samariu 150,36	63 Eu Europiu 151,96	64 Gd Gadoliniu 157,25	65 Tb Terbiu 158,9254	66 Dy Disprosiu 162,50	67 Ho Holmiu 164,9304	68 Er Erbiu 167,26	69 Tm Tuliu 168,9342	70 Yb Yterbiu 173,04	71 Lu Luteiu 174,967
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\*\*Actinide

90 Th Toriu 232,0381	91 Pa Protactiniu 231,0359	92 U Uraniu 238,0389	93 Np Neptuniu 237,0482	94 Pu Plutoniu [244]	95 Am Americiu [243]	96 Cm Curiu [247]	97 Bk Berkeliu [247]	98 Cf californiu [251]	99 Es Einsteiniu [252]	100 Fm Fermiu [257]	101 Md Mendeleviu [258]	102 No Nobeliu [255]	103 Lr Lawrenciu [260]
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## SOLUBILITATEA ACIZILOR, BAZELOR, Săruriilor în apă

	H <sup>+</sup>	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	Li <sup>+</sup>	Na <sup>+</sup>	K <sup>+</sup>	Ba <sup>2+</sup>	Ca <sup>2+</sup>	Mg <sup>2+</sup>	Al <sup>3+</sup>	Cr <sup>3+</sup>	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	Mn <sup>2+</sup>	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	Fe <sup>3+</sup>	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	Ag <sup>+</sup>
OH <sup>-</sup>	S↑	S	S	S	S	P	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	-
F <sup>-</sup>	S	S	P	S	S	P	I	I	P	I	S	S	I	I	I	S	S
Cl <sup>-</sup>	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	P	S	I
Br <sup>-</sup>	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	P	S	I
I <sup>-</sup>	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	-	I	-	I
S <sup>2-</sup>	S↑	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	-	-	I	I	I	-	I	I	I
SO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	S↑	S	S	S	S	I	I	I	-	-	I	-	I	-	I	I	I
SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	S	S	S	S	S	I	P	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	I	S	P
CO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	S↑	S	S	S	S	I	I	I	-	-	I	I	I	-	I	-	I
SiO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	I	-	S	S	S	I	I	I	-	-	I	I	I	-	I	-	-
NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	S	S	I	S	S	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
CH <sub>3</sub> COO <sup>-</sup>	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	-	S	S	S	-	S	S	S

Notă: S – substanță solubilă, I – insolubilă, P – puțin solubilă; «» substanță nu există sau se descompune în apă; ↑ - substanță se degajă sub formă de gaz sau se descompune cu degajare de gaz

## SERIA ELECTRONEGATIVITĂȚII

F	O	N	Cl	Br	I	S	C	Se	P	H	As	B	Si	Al	Mg	Ca	Li	Na	K
4,0	3,5	3,07	3,0	2,8	2,5	2,5	2,5	2,4	2,1	2,1	2,0	2,0	1,8	1,5	1,2	1,04	1,0	0,9	0,8

## SERIA TENSIUNII METALELOR

Li   K   Ba   Ca   Na   Mg   Al   Mn   Zn   Cr   Fe   Ni   Sn   Pb   (H)   Cu   Hg   Ag   Pt   Au